## Amendments to the Claims:

 (Currently amended) A process for producing a <del>Donepezil derivative</del> <u>compound</u> of formula (D),

$$R^2$$
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^6$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>5</sup> represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl; and n is an integer from 0 to 2, characterized in that wherein the process comprises:

a) a reaction of 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde with a compound of formula (II) in toluene or benzene to form, in the presence of a stoichiometric amount or a greater than a stoichiometric amount of a strong acid HX selected from an alkyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, a substituted benzene sulfonic acid, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, or phosphoric acid, a compound of the formula (III);

$$R^{2}$$
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 

> b) a catalytic hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III) or the compound of formula (V) in a solvent selected from water, an alcohol, an ether, an ester, or an organic acid to yield a compound of formula (IV); and

c) an N-alkylation reaction of a compound of formula (IV) in the presence of base at a temperature of from about 0°C to about 150°C to yield a compound of formula (I):

wherein  $X^-$  is an alkyl sulfonate, benzene sulfonate, a substituted benzene sulfonate, a chloride, a sulfate, a nitrate, or a phosphate.

- 2. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I), wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>+</sup>each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>8</sup> represents a phenyl or substituted phenyl; and n is an integer from 0 to 2, characterized in that The process of claim 1, wherein a compound of formula (I) is produced by reacting a compound of formula Y-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n+1</sub>R<sup>5</sup> with a compound of formula (IV) in the presence of a base, wherein Y represents a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, or an iodine atom.
- (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a
  compound of the general formula (I), wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> each independently
  represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1
  to 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>5</sup> represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl; and n is an integer

from 0 to 2, characterized in that The process of claim 1, wherein a compound of formula (1) is produced by reacting a compound of formula OHC- $(CH_2)_nR^5$  with a compound of formula (IV), in the presence of a reducing agent.

- 4. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I), wherein R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>+</sup>each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; HX represents an alkyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or substituted benzene sulfonic acid, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, or phosphoric acid, characterized in that The process of claim 1 wherein a compound of formula (IV) is produced by the catalytic hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III).
- 5. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I), wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup>-each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and HX represents a strong acid, characterized in that The process of claim 1, wherein a compound of formula (IV) is produced by catalytic hydrogenation of a compound of formula (V).
- 6. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I), wherein R<sup>‡</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>±</sup>each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and HX represents a strong acid, characterized in that The process of claim 1, wherein 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde reacts with a compound of formula (II) in the presence of a strong acid HX selected from an alkyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, a substituted benzene sulfonic acid, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, or phosphoric acid to form a compound of the formula (III).

## 7.-11. (Canceled)

12. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 2 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I), characterized in that The process of claim 2, wherein R¹ represents hydrogen; R² represents a methoxy; R³ represents a methoxy; R⁴ represents hydrogen; R⁵ represents a phenyl or a 3-fluorophenyl; n is 0; said strong acid is selected from HX represents methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid; and Y represents a chlorine, a bromine, or an iodine.

## 13-14. (Canceled)

- 15. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I) The process of claim 1, wherein within said compound of formula (III) R¹ represents hydrogen, R² represents methoxy, R³ represents methoxy, R⁴ represents hydrogen, and HX represents; said strong acid is selected from methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid, wherein characterized in that said compound of formula (IV) is produced from a compound of formula (III) by catalytic hydrogenation, wherein the catalyst is platinum, palladium, nickel, ruthenium, or salts or oxides thereof.
- 16. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 4 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I) The process of claim 4, wherein within said compound of formula (III) R¹ represents hydrogen, R² represents methoxy, R³ represents methoxy, R⁴ represents hydrogen, rand HX represents; said strong acid is selected from methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid, characterized in that wherein said compound of formula (IV) is produced from a compound of formula (III) by catalytic hydrogenation, wherein the catalyst is platinum, palladium, nickel, ruthenium, or salts or oxides thereof.
- (Currently amended) The process according to claim 5 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I) The process of claim 5, wherein within said

compound of formula (III) R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen, R<sup>2</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>3</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>4</sup> represents hydrogen, and HX represents; said strong acid is selected from methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid, eharacterized in that wherein said compound of formula (IV) is produced from a compound of formula (III) by catalytic hydrogenation, wherein the catalyst is platinum, palladium, nickel, ruthenium, or salts or oxides thereof.

- 18. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I) The process of claim 1, wherein within said compound of formula (V) R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen, R<sup>2</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>3</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>4</sup> represents hydrogen, and HX represents; said strong acid is selected from methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid, eharacterized in that wherein said compound of formula (IV) is produced from a compound of formula (V) by catalytic hydrogenation, wherein the catalyst is platinum, palladium, nickel, ruthenium, or salts or oxides thereof.
- 19. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 4 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I) The process of claim 4, wherein within said compound of formula (V) R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen, R<sup>2</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>3</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>4</sup> represents hydrogen, and HX represents; said strong acid is selected from methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid, characterized in that wherein said compound of formula (IV) is produced from a compound of formula (V) by catalytic hydrogenation, wherein the catalyst is platinum, palladium, nickel, ruthenium, or salts or oxides thereof.
- 20. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 5 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I); The process of claim 5, wherein within said compound of formula (V) R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen, R<sup>2</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>3</sup> represents methoxy, R<sup>4</sup> represents hydrogen, and HX represents; said strong acid is selected from methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid.

eharacterized in that wherein said compound of formula (IV) is produced from a compound of formula (V) by catalytic hydrogenation, wherein the catalyst is platinum, palladium, nickel, ruthenium, or salts or oxides thereof.

- 21. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I), characterized in that The process of claim 1, wherein reacting 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde with a compound of formula (II) in the presence of a stoichiometric amount or a greater than a stoichiometric amount of methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid yields a compound of formula (III), wherein R¹ represents hydrogen, R² represents methoxy, R³ represents methoxy, and R⁴ represents hydrogen.
- 22. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 6 for the preparation of a compound of the general formula (I), characterized in that The process of claim 6, wherein reacting 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde with a compound of formula (II) in the presence of a stoichiometric amount or a greater than a stoichiometric amount of methyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, or p-toluenesulfonic acid yields a compound of formula (III), wherein R¹ represents hydrogen, R² represents methoxy, R³ represents methoxy, and R⁴ represents hydrogen.
- (Currently amended) A process for producing a Donepezil derivative a compound of formula (I),

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>5</sup> represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl; and n is 0, comprising:

a) a reaction of 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde with a compound of formula (II) in refluxing toluene, in the presence of <u>at least a stoichiometric amount of</u> a strong acid <u>selected from an alkyl sulfonic acid, benzene sulfonic acid, a substituted benzene sulfonic acid, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, or phosphoric acid. HX, to form a compound of formula (III);</u>

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 

b) a catalytic hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III) or the compound of formula (V) in methanol with  $H_2$  in the presence of Pd/C to yield a compound of formula (IV); and

$$R^2$$
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 

c) a reaction of a compound of formula (IV) with a compound of formula  $OHC\text{-}(CH_2)_nR^5, wherein \ R^5 \ represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl, and n is 0,$ 

and with H<sub>2</sub>, in the presence of a base and Pd/C, at a temperature of from about 0°C to about 150°C, to yield a compound of formula (I);

wherein X is an alkyl sulfonate, benzene sulfonate, a substituted benzene sulfonate, a chloride, a sulfate, a nitrate, or a phosphate,

 (Currently amended) A process for producing a <del>Donepezil derivative</del> <u>compound</u> of formula (I).

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>5</sup> represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl; and n is 0, comprising:

a) a reaction of 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde with a compound of formula (II) in refluxing toluene, in the presence of at least a stoichiometric amount of p-toluenesulfonic acid with respect to the compound of formula (II), to form a compound of formula (III):

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 

b) a catalytic hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III) or the compound of formula (V) in methanol with  $H_2$  in the presence of Pd/C and a base to yield a compound of formula (IV); and

$$R^2$$
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 

c) a reaction of a compound of formula (IV) with a compound of formula OHC- $(CH_2)_nR^5$ , wherein  $R^5$  represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl, and n is 0, and with  $H_2$ , in methanol, in the presence of Pd/C and a base, at a temperature of from about 0°C to about 150°C, to yield a compound of formula (I);

wherein b) and c) are carried out in situ without purification of the compound of formula (IV); and

X is an alkyl sulfonate, benzene sulfonate, a substituted benzene sulfonate, a chloride, a sulfate, a nitrate, or a phosphate.

## 25. (New) A process for producing a compound of formula (I),

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> each independently represents H, F, an alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an alkoxy having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>5</sup> represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl; and n is 0, comprising the following steps:

 a) a reaction of 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde with a compound of formula (II) in refluxing toluene, in the presence of a stoichiometric amount of p-toluenesulfonic acid with respect to the compound of formula (III), to form a compound of formula (III):

$$\mathbb{R}^2$$
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 

b) a catalytic hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III) or the compound of formula (V) in methanol with  $H_2$  in the presence of Pd/C and a base to yield a compound of formula (IV); and

c) a reaction of a compound of formula (IV) with a compound of formula OHC- $(CH_2)_nR^5$ , wherein  $R^5$  represents a phenyl or a substituted phenyl, and n is 0, and with  $H_2$ , in methanol, in the presence of Pd/C and a base, at a temperature of from about 0°C to about 150°C, to yield a compound of formula (I);

wherein b) and c) are carried out in situ without purification of the compound of formula (IV): and

X is an alkyl sulfonate, benzene sulfonate, a substituted benzene sulfonate, a chloride, a sulfate, a nitrate, or a phosphate.

- 26. (New) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound of formula (I) is produced by reacting a compound of formula Y-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n+1</sub>R<sup>5</sup> with said compound of formula (IV) in the presence of a base, wherein Y represents a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, or an iodine atom.
- (New) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound of formula (I) is produced by reacting a compound of formula OHC-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>5</sup> with said compound of formula (IV), in the presence of a reducing agent.
- (New) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound of formula (IV) is produced by the catalytic hydrogenation of said compound of formula (III).
- (New) The process of claim 25, wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen; R<sup>2</sup> represents a
  methoxy; R<sup>3</sup> represents a methoxy; R<sup>4</sup> represents hydrogen; and R<sup>5</sup> represents a
  phenyl or a 3-fluorophenyl.
- (New) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound of formula (IV) is produced from a compound of formula (III) by catalytic hydrogenation, wherein the catalyst is platinum, palladium, nickel, ruthenium, or salts or oxides thereof.
- (New) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound of formula (II) is 5,6dimethoxy-1-indanone.
- (New) The process of claim 25, wherein steps (a)-(c) are carried out in succession and in the order listed.

33. (New) The process of claim 25, wherein in step (a) the reaction of 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde with a compound of formula (II) in refluxing toluene is carried out in the presence of a greater than a stoichiometric amount of p-toluenesulfonic acid with respect to the compound of formula (II).